

Silicon Power Transistors

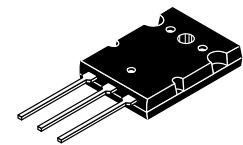
The MJL21193 and MJL21194 utilize Perforated Emitter technology and are specifically designed for high power audio output, disk head positioners and linear applications.

- Total Harmonic Distortion Characterized
- High DC Current Gain – $h_{FE} = 25$ Min @ $I_C = 8$ Adc
- Excellent Gain Linearity
- High SOA: 2.25 A, 80 V, 1 Second

PNP
MJL21193*
NPN
MJL21194*

*Motorola Preferred Device

16 AMPERE
COMPLEMENTARY
SILICON POWER
TRANSISTORS
250 VOLTS
200 WATTS



CASE 340G-02
TO-3PBL

MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Rating | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|---|----------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| Collector-Emitter Voltage | V_{CEO} | 250 | Vdc |
| Collector-Base Voltage | V_{CBO} | 400 | Vdc |
| Emitter-Base Voltage | V_{EBO} | 5 | Vdc |
| Collector-Emitter Voltage – 1.5 V | V_{CEX} | 400 | Vdc |
| Collector Current — Continuous Peak (1) | I_C | 16 30 | Adc |
| Base Current – Continuous | I_B | 5 | Adc |
| Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate Above 25°C | P_D | 200 1.43 | Watts W/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range | T_J, T_{stg} | -65 to +150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Characteristic | Symbol | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----|--------------------|
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 0.7 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|----------------|--------|-----|---------|-----|------|
|----------------|--------|-----|---------|-----|------|

OFF CHARACTERISTICS

| | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-----|---|-----|-----------------|
| Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage ($I_C = 100$ mAdc, $I_B = 0$) | $V_{CEO(sus)}$ | 250 | — | — | Vdc |
| Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 200$ Vdc, $I_B = 0$) | I_{CEO} | — | — | 100 | μAdc |

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 5.0 μs , Duty Cycle $\leq 10\%$.

(continued)

Preferred devices are Motorola recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

MJL21193 MJL21194

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|---|----------------------|-------------|-------------|----------|-----------------|
| OFF CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Emitter Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 5\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 0$) | I_{EBO} | — | — | 100 | μAdc |
| Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 250\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{BE(\text{off})} = 1.5\text{ Vdc}$) | I_{CEX} | — | — | 100 | μAdc |
| SECOND BREAKDOWN | | | | | |
| Second Breakdown Collector Current with Base Forward Biased ($V_{CE} = 50\text{ Vdc}$, $t = 1\text{ s}$ (non-repetitive)) ($V_{CE} = 80\text{ Vdc}$, $t = 1\text{ s}$ (non-repetitive)) | $I_{S/b}$ | 4.0 2.25 | — — | — — | A _{dc} |
| ON CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| DC Current Gain ($I_C = 8\text{ Adc}$, $V_{CE} = 5\text{ Vdc}$) ($I_C = 16\text{ Adc}$, $I_B = 5\text{ Adc}$) | h_{FE} | 25 8 | — — | 75 — | |
| Base-Emitter On Voltage ($I_C = 8\text{ Adc}$, $V_{CE} = 5\text{ Vdc}$) | $V_{BE(\text{on})}$ | — | — | 2.2 | V _{dc} |
| Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = 8\text{ Adc}$, $I_B = 0.8\text{ Adc}$) ($I_C = 16\text{ Adc}$, $I_B = 3.2\text{ Adc}$) | $V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ | — — | — — | 1.4 4 | V _{dc} |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Total Harmonic Distortion at the Output $V_{RMS} = 28.3\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $P_{LOAD} = 100\text{ W}_{RMS}$ (Matched pair $h_{FE} = 50 @ 5\text{ A}/5\text{ V}$) | T_{HD} | — | 0.8 0.08 | — | % |
| Current Gain Bandwidth Product ($I_C = 1\text{ Adc}$, $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $f_{\text{test}} = 1\text{ MHz}$) | f_T | 4 | — | — | MHz |
| Output Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 0$, $f_{\text{test}} = 1\text{ MHz}$) | C_{ob} | — | — | 500 | pF |

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300 μs , Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$

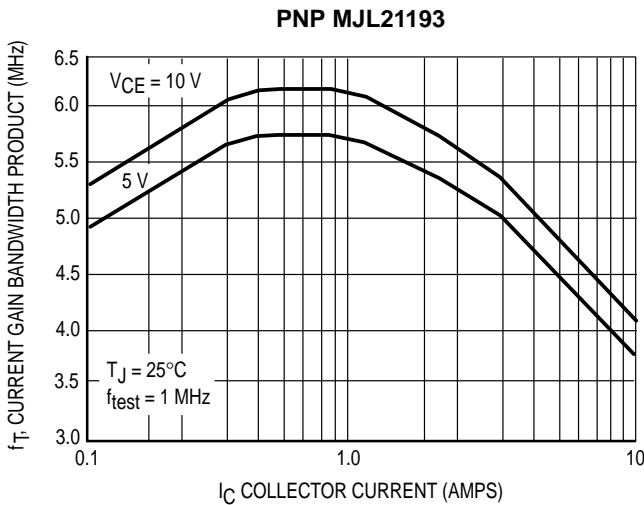


Figure 1. Typical Current Gain Bandwidth Product

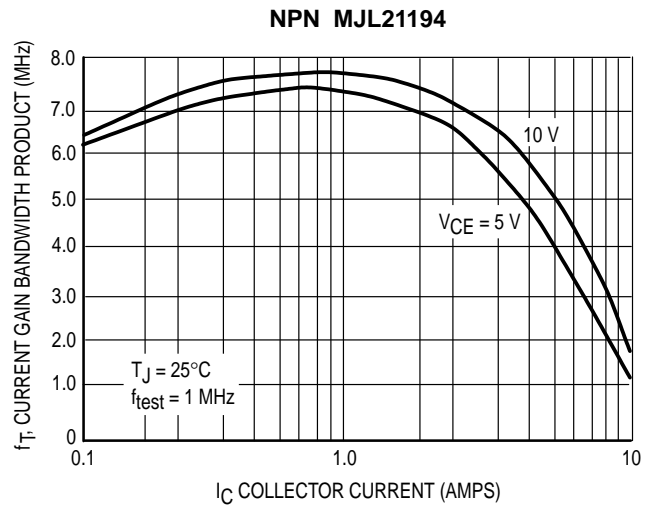


Figure 2. Typical Current Gain Bandwidth Product

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

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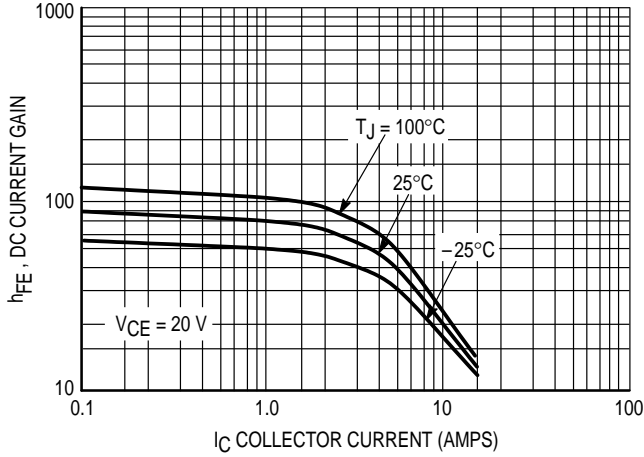


Figure 3. DC Current Gain, $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$

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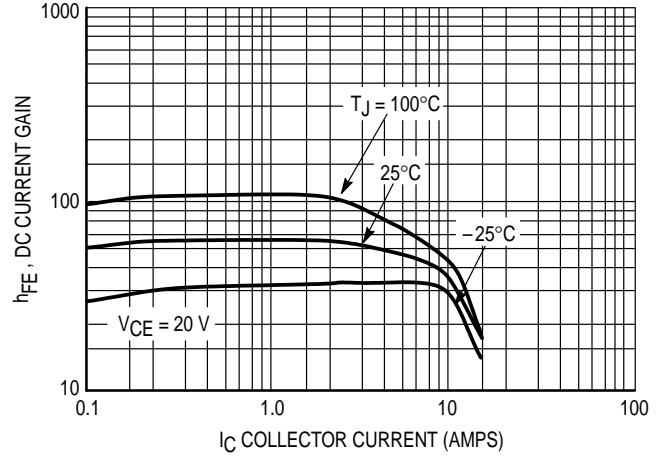


Figure 4. DC Current Gain, $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$

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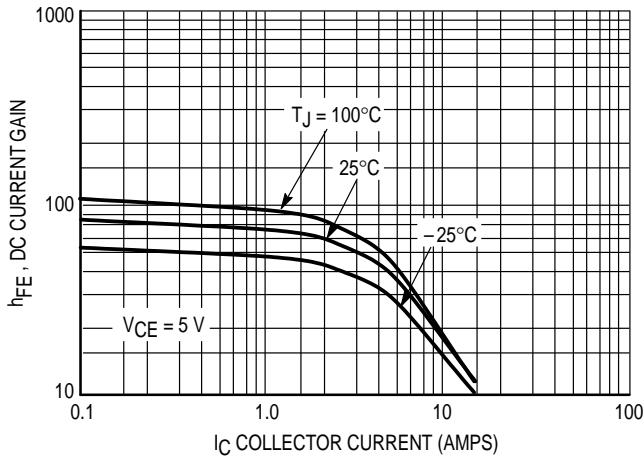


Figure 5. DC Current Gain, $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$

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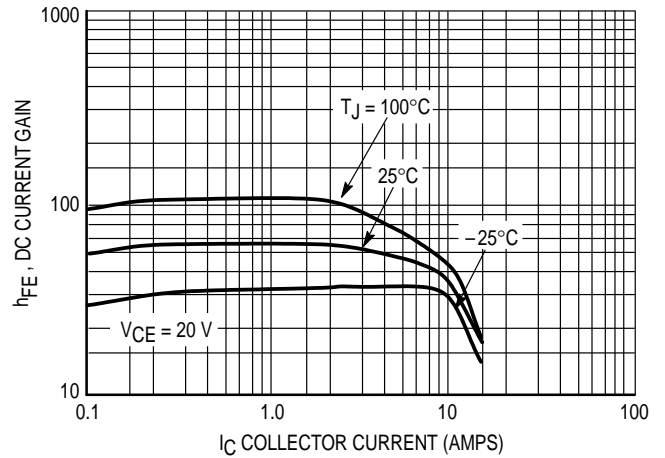


Figure 6. DC Current Gain, $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$

PNP MJL21193

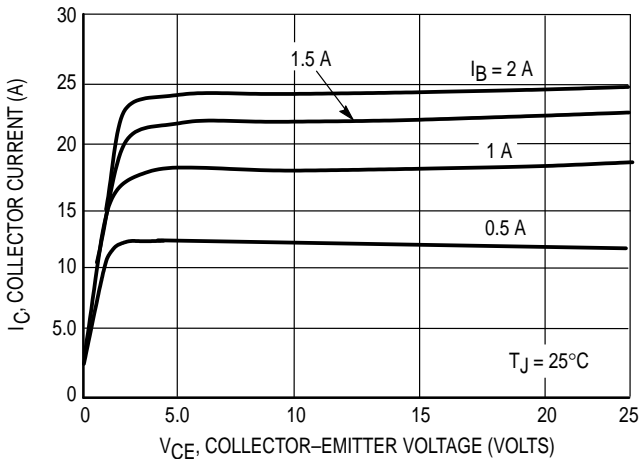


Figure 7. Typical Output Characteristics

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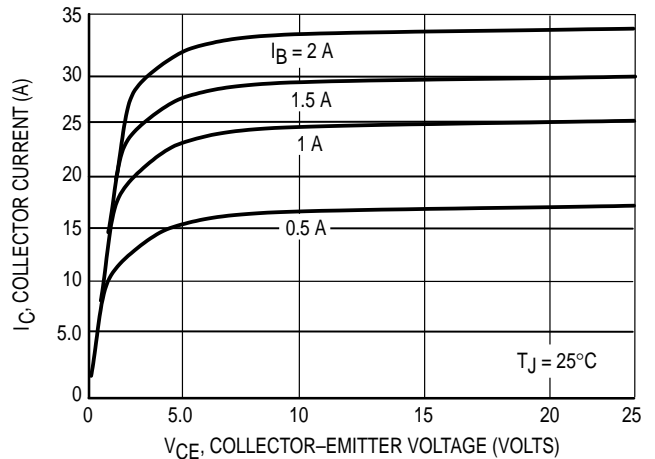


Figure 8. Typical Output Characteristics

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

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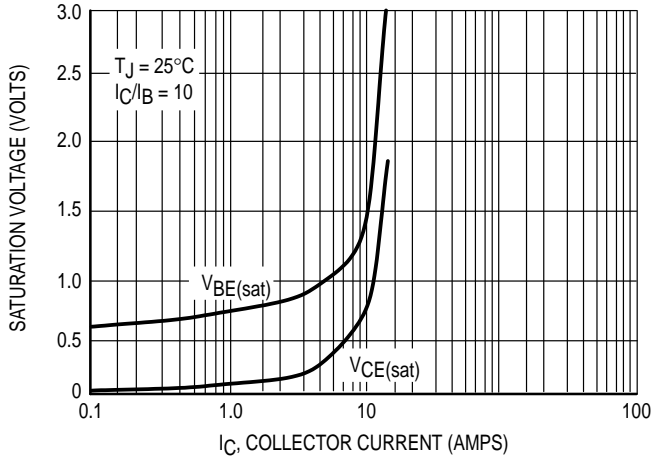


Figure 9. Typical Saturation Voltages

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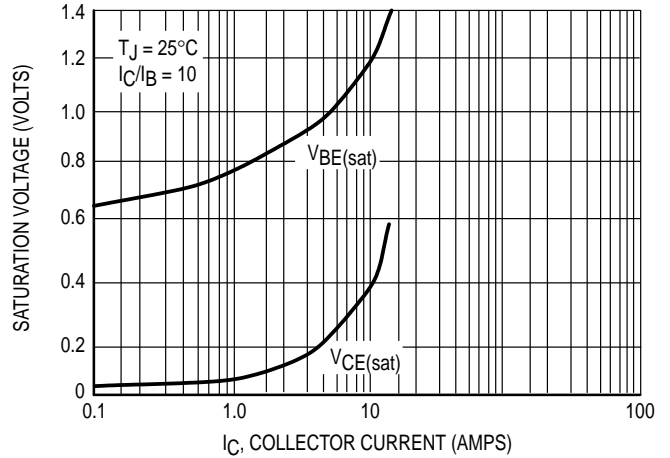


Figure 10. Typical Saturation Voltages

PNP MJL21193

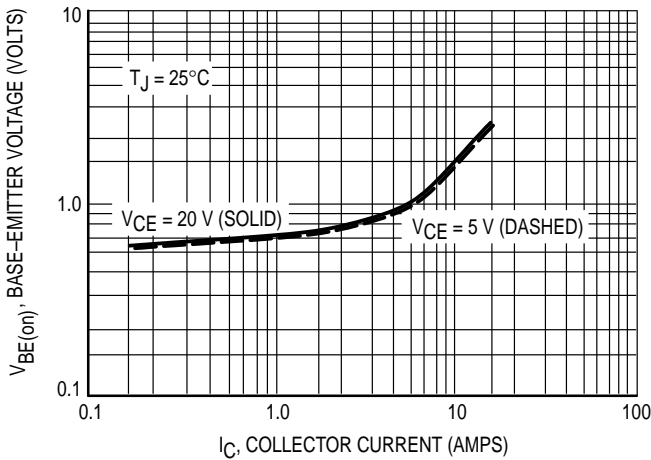


Figure 11. Typical Base-Emitter Voltage

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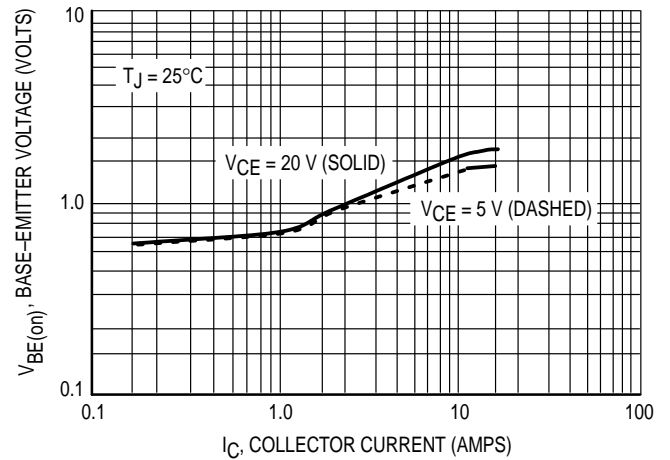


Figure 12. Typical Base-Emitter Voltage

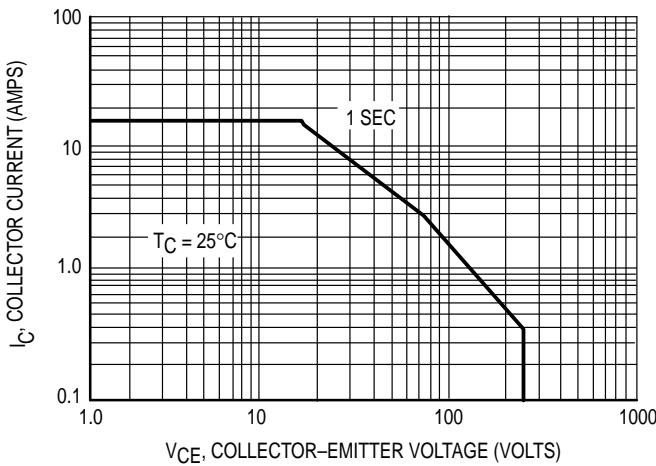


Figure 13. Active Region Safe Operating Area

There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor; average junction temperature and secondary breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate $I_C - V_{CE}$ limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate.

The data of Figure 13 is based on $T_{J(pk)} = 200^\circ\text{C}$; T_C is variable depending on conditions. At high case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power than can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

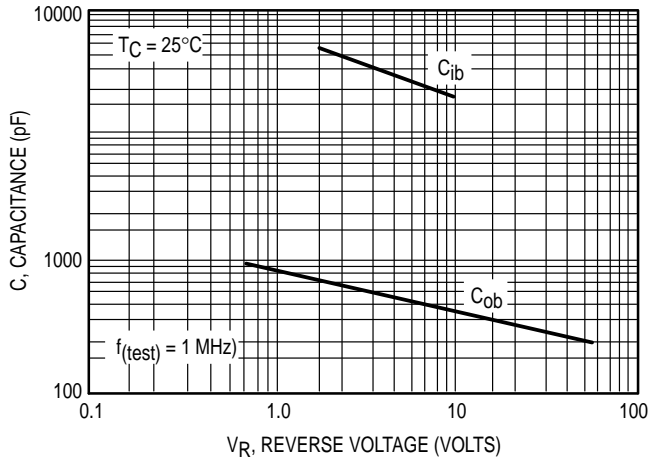


Figure 14. MJL21193 Typical Capacitance

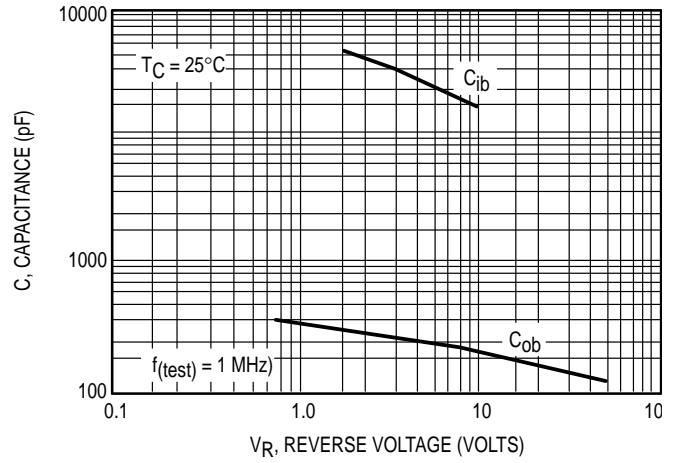


Figure 15. MJL21194 Typical Capacitance

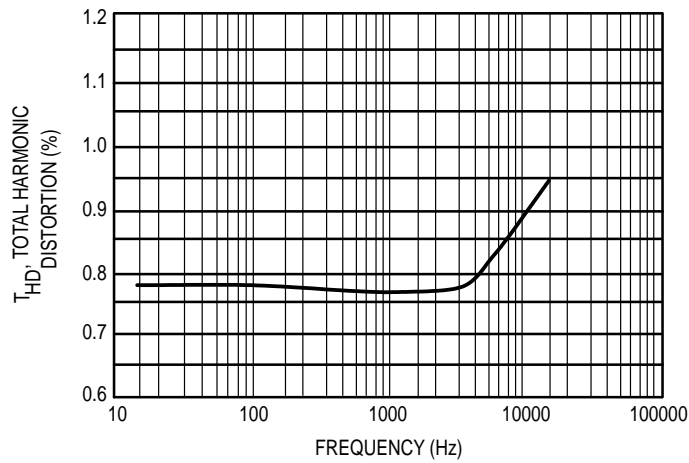


Figure 16. Typical Total Harmonic Distortion

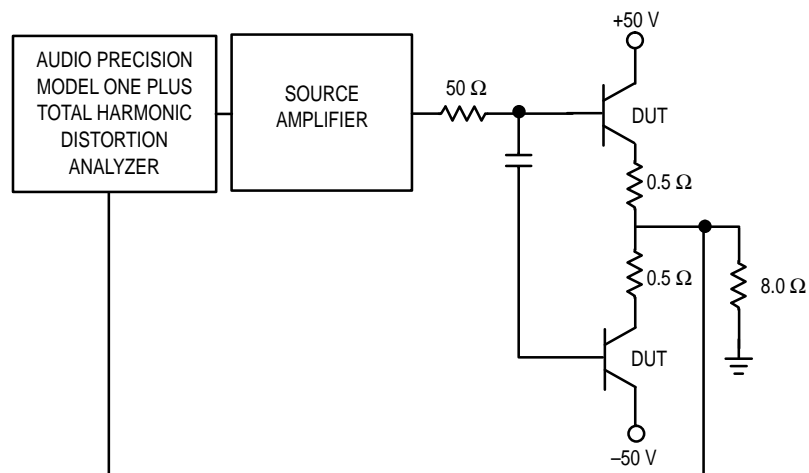
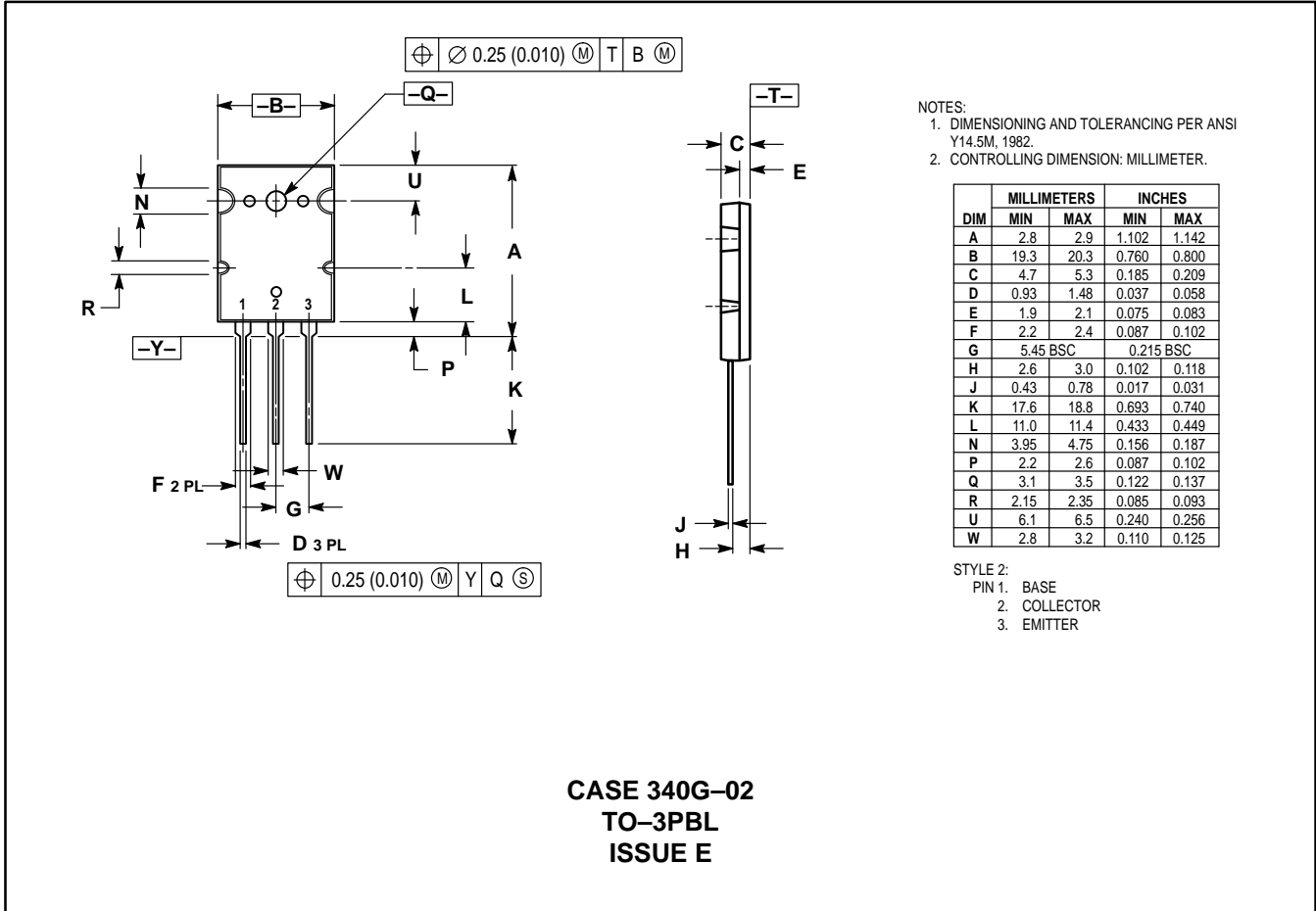


Figure 17. Total Harmonic Distortion Test Circuit

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



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